

THE DESCRIPTION OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS





1. EARTH WORKS

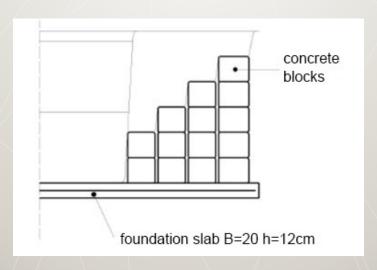
The process of swimming pool foundation shall take place on the original ground not on backfill soil. The soil congestion coefficient shall amount to the swimming pool load, which amounts to 1600 kg/m2. Incase of existence of ground or layer waters in non permissible soils (clay, loam) the bottom layer should be supported, by a well congested thick grain soil of the thickness 20cm as well as additional drainage belt. It is recommended to manufacture a bottom layer below the level of ground and surface water deposits/streams. First construct an excavation pit in order to housethe swimming pool taking into consideration the depth of the foundation slab. The size of the excavation pit constitutes the diameter of the swimming pool framework increased by 60-80 cm from each side – in order to ensure the proper conveyance of installation and piping works.

2. FOUNDATION SLAB

The hardened soil foundation has been engineered tohouse the reinforced concrete foundation slab of its total thickness amounting to h=12cm. The size of the slab is equal to the external upperedge of each swimming pool model size. Reinforced concrete class B20. The reinforcement is done with application of 8mm diameter ribbed steel bar mesh of the opening size every 20cm. Reinforced steel AllI (34GS). NOTE: The foundation slab is a smooth mortar surface, any surface slopes shall not amount to more than 0,5%. All works should be consulted with a construction specialist well acquainted to local ground conditions.

3. SWIMMING POOL ASSEMBLY

The swimming pool is to be placed upon the foundation slab, should it still possesses slight unevenness, the slab should be levelled with a styrofoam layer. The steps should be supported with concrete blocks, properly checked for the correctness of their level. The fissure between the steps and concrete blocks should be filled with soft foam or it should be salienated all around.

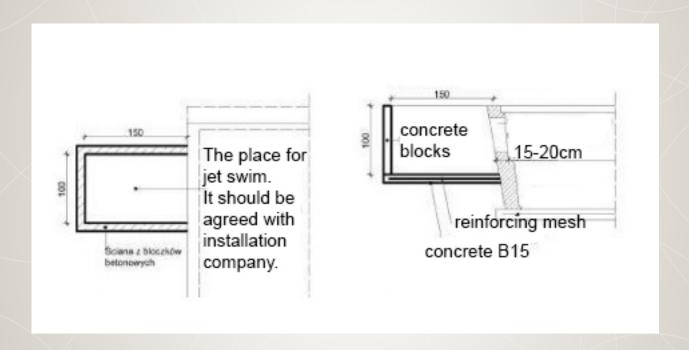




The cycle should be numerously repeated (at the same time controlling the sides of the swimming poll walls making sure that there has been not cleansing) until the whole swimming pool pit is levelled. THE CONCRETE MUST NOT BE CONGESTED MECHANICALLY! The whole filling as well as a backfill process has the final influence upon its final shape.

4. SWIM JET (COUNTERFLOW)

The bottom of the well should be performer as a concrete slab made of concrete B15, reinforced with reinforcement steel mesh made of 6mm bars with the mesh opening 15 cm big. Walls should be made of air concrete blocks. The canopy should be made of galvanized steel of the thicknessamounting to 3 mm.



The well should be equipped with an electricity power installation. The electricity power consumption by pumps:

- · Pump 40m3/h: U=400V, P=2,5kW
- Pump 45m3/h: U=400V, P=3,0kW
- · Pump 70m3/h: U=400V, P=3,5kW
- Pump 78m3/h: U=400V, P=4,5kW

NOTE: All of the well construction works should be done after the swimming pool has been fitted into its final position.



5. SWIMMING POOL DRAINAGE

In case of draining or cleaning of the swimming pool it should be refilled the same day other ways there may occur the danger connected to unwanted moves of the swimming pool backfill, especially in case of heavy rainfall. During the process of swimming pool drainage it is required toensure the proper drainage so that water does not sink into the surrounding terrain.

6. WINTER PROTECTION

During the winter period should remain in the degree of ¾ below the inlet nozzles as well as the skimmer. During the winter period the remaining amount of the water should be protected with proper compounds that protect the pool against the formation of lime and dirt deposits and prevent alga formation.







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